



AERONÁUTICA,
ESPACIO Y DEFENSA

MBSE application for Aircraft Systems Modification

AIRBUS Single Aisle Passenger to Freighter Conversion – Flight Warning System

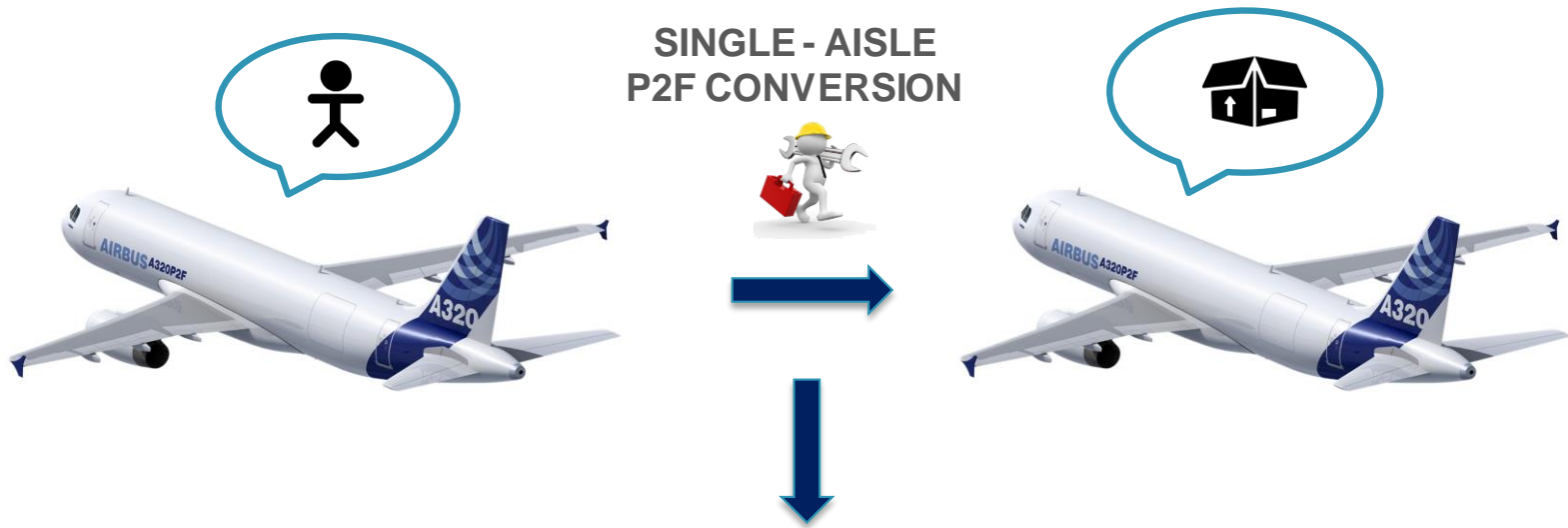
José Miguel Ramón López
31th May 2017



Index

- Motivation
- Strategy
- Context
- Technical Process
- Methods
- Tool
- Results

Motivation



PROJECT CHALLENGES

- Tight development schedule
- Short available time to perform tests on aircraft before delivery
- High technical complexity
- Modifications impact many systems of the aircraft.



Design and integration of
Cockpit Computers
modifications



Design and integration of
Cabin & Cargo modifications



MBSE Team



Project Strategy

Project Challenges



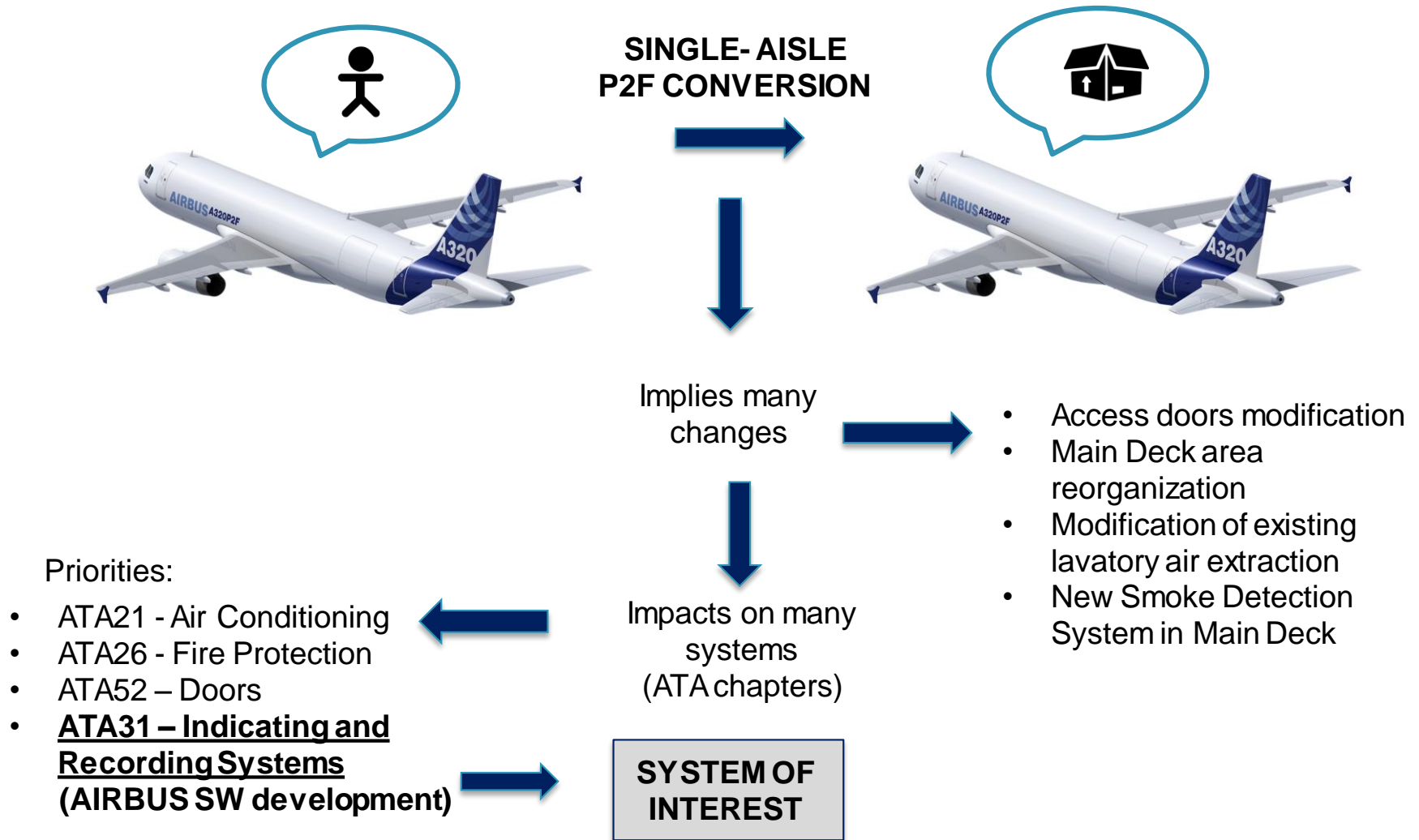
Tackled by





Expected Benefits

- Obtain better understanding of the changes
- Ensure consistency of the changes
- Master changes and prevent side effects
- Mitigate risks associated to the time constraints

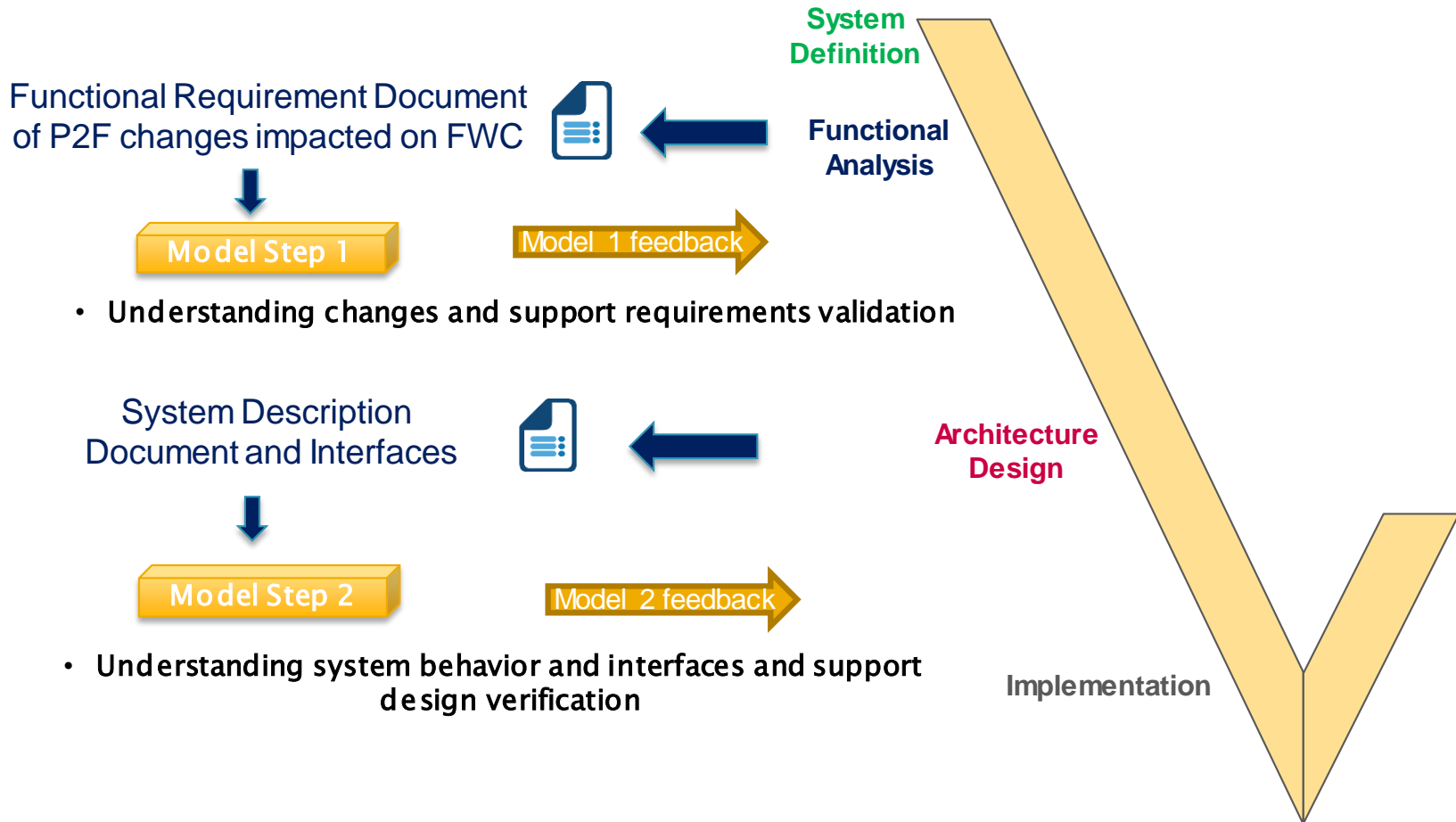
System Context



Context

SYSTEM OF INTEREST	ENABLED SYSTEMS	ACTORS
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ATA31 - Indicating and Recording Systems<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cockpit Computers• System Data Acquisition• Flight Data Interface Unit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ATA21 - Air Conditioning• ATA26 - Fire Protections• ATA52 – Doors  <p>Objective:</p> <p>Support specifications of the P2F modifications applied to Cockpit Computers based on models</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Flight Crew

Technical Process



Methods

Step 1 Model: Functional Model



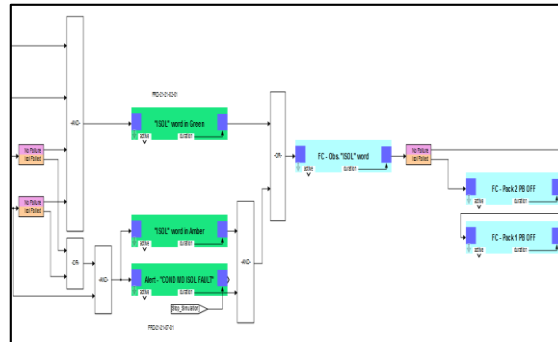
Functional Requirement Document



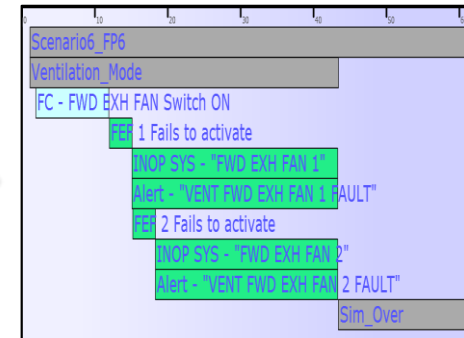
Operational scenarios



FFBD



Chronogram



- Operational scenarios:
 - crew actions,
 - components failures, events
 - Each scenario triggers functions sequences represented by FFBDs.
 - Executable model
 - Tool: MATLAB/Simulink.
 - Simulation results
 - Output Visualization: Gantt Diagram
- Identification weaknesses, incompleteness or inconsistencies in the definition of changes
 - Provide a global view of the system dynamic interdependencies related to P2F changes

Methods

Step 2 Model: Behavioural Model



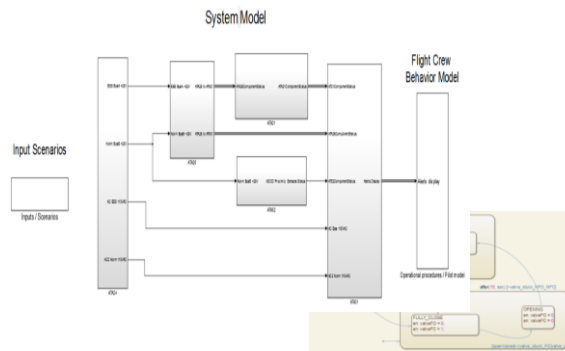
System
Description
Documents



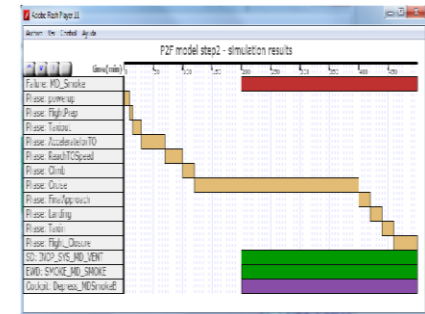
System
Interfaces



Behavioural Model



Chronogram



- Operational scenarios:
crew actions,
components
failures,
events
 - System Architecture
 - Components behaviour by
state machines diagrams
 - Executable model
 - Simulink /Stateflow
 - Simulation results
 - Output Visualization: Gantt
Diagram
- Verification of the proposed solution reach the needs defined in step 1.

Analysis and Results

Specifications



Modeler



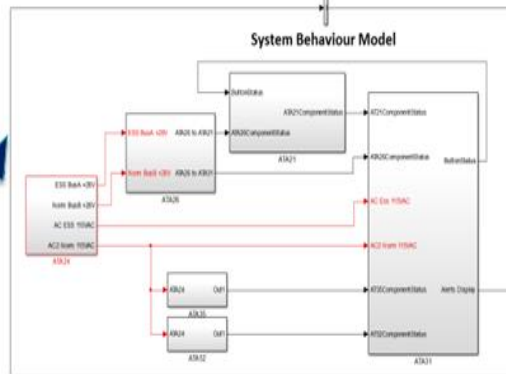
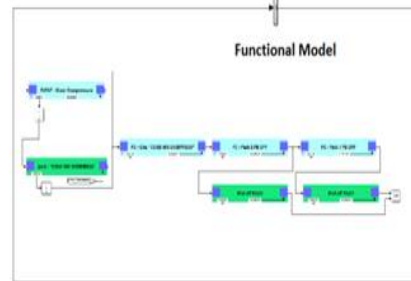
System Specialist



Operational scenarios



Step 1 Model



Step 2 Model

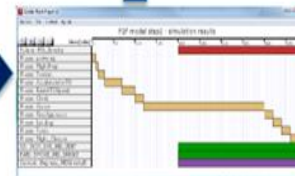


Functional and operational findings

Comparison



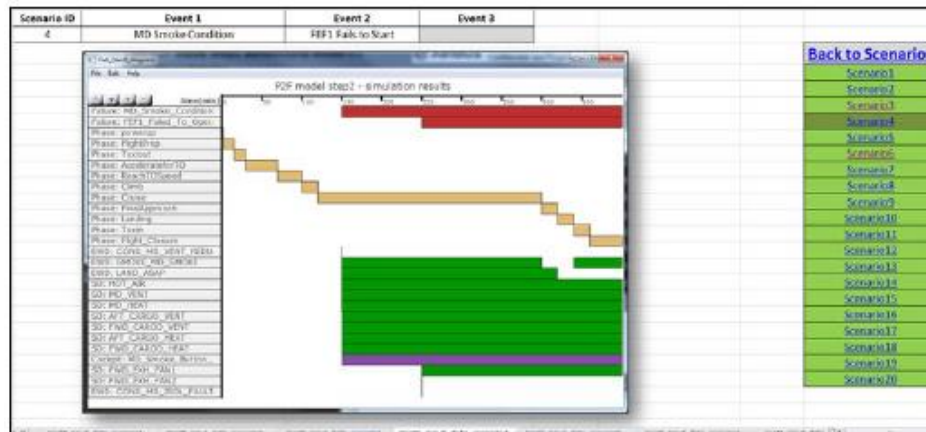
Analyzed for Specifications
Next release



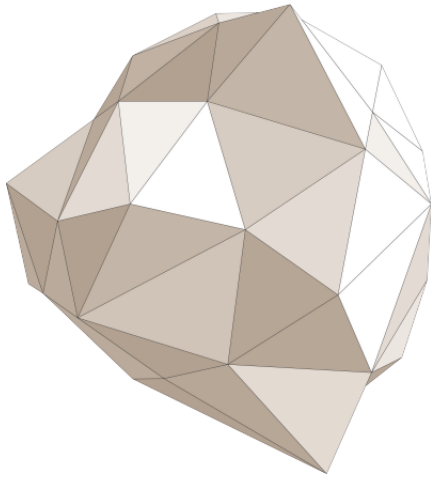
System behavior findings

Results

- During the activities of requirement analysis and systems modelling, several findings were identified during phase 1 and 2.
 - Missing information
 - Inconsistencies between simulations and expected behaviour
 - Inconsistencies between requirements
- Information provided to AIRBUS aircraft Systems Design Office.
- Findings analysed by the Systems Engineers of STA and Airbus and taken into account in the next steps of the design.



INNOVATION MAKERS



altran.es
altran360.es